

# Iron County Register

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

SUBSCRIPTION:  
In Year, \$1.50. Six Months, \$0.75.  
Three Months, \$0.50.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
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# Iron County Register.

BY ELI D. AKE.

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND TRUTH.

TERMS—\$1.50 a Year, in Advance

VOLUME XXVII.

IRONTON, MO., THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1894.

NUMBER 38.

## Official Directory.

MEMBER OF CONGRESS:  
HON. R. W. FRYAN, Thirtieth District,  
Marshall Mo.  
U. S. LAND OFFICE—J. C. NELL,  
Register, Wm. B. NEWMAN, Receiver—  
Ironton, Mo.  
J. FRANK GREEN, Judge Twenty-First  
Judicial, De Soto, Mo.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY IRON COUNTY

### COURTS:

Circuit Court is held on the  
fourth Monday in April and October.

COUNTY COURT convenes on the  
first Monday of March, June, September  
and December.

PROBATE COURT is held on the first  
Monday in February, May, August and No-  
vember.

### OFFICERS:

A. W. HOLLOMAN, Presiding Judge Coun-  
ty Court.

CHARLES HART, County Judge, South  
2nd District.

R. J. HILL, County Judge, Western Dis-  
trict.

J. S. JORDAN, Prosecuting Attorney.

P. W. WHITWORTH, Collector.

W. A. FLETCHER, County Clerk.

JOS. HUFF, Circuit Clerk.

FRANZ DINGER, Probate Judge.

D. F. KESSE, Treasurer.

W. H. FISHER, Sheriff.

S. P. REYBURN, Assessor.

G. W. HULL, Coroner.

A. W. HOLLOMAN, Surveyor.

E. H. MCKENZIE, School Commissioner.

### CITY OFFICERS:

Mayor, W. T. Gay.

Marshal, J. L. Baldwin.

City Attorney, J. S. Jordan.

City Clerk, W. G. Fairchild.

City Treasurer, P. F. Hesse.

Collector, J. L. Baldwin.

City Councilmen—W. R. Edgar, J. N.  
Bishop, A. Bagley, J. M. Reel, M. Claybaugh  
and Jas. Baldwin.

Street Committee—A. Bagley, Jas. Baldwin  
and M. Claybaugh.

Fire Committee—J. M. Reel, J. N. Baldwin  
and M. Claybaugh.

Health Committee—W. R. Edgar, J. N.  
Bishop and A. Bagley.

### CHURCHES:

CATHOLIC CHURCH, Arcadia College  
and Pilot Knob. L. W. KESSE, Pastor.

High Mass and Sermon at Arcadia College  
every Sunday at 8 o'clock A. M. Vespers and  
Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 4  
o'clock P. M. High Mass and Sermon and  
Benediction at Pilot Knob Catholic Church  
at 10:30 o'clock A. M. Sunday School for  
children at 1:30 o'clock P. M.

M. E. CHURCH, Cor. Reynolds and  
Mountain Streets, W. H. HONNET, Pastor.

Residence: Ironton. Services every Sab-  
bath at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday School  
9:30 A. M. Class Meeting Sunday afternoon  
at 3 o'clock. Prayer Meeting Thursday  
evening. All are invited.

M. E. CHURCH, South, Fort Hill,  
between Ironton and Arcadia. Rev. J.  
M. ENGLAND, Pastor. Services every Sun-  
day at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting  
every Wednesday evening, 7 o'clock. Sab-  
bath School at 9:30 A. M.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Madison street,  
near Knob street, F. M. SHOUSSET, Pastor.

Residence: Ironton. Preaching on every  
Saturday before the first Sunday of each  
month at 2:30 P. M. and on the first and third  
Sundays at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday  
School at 9:30 A. M. and Prayer Meeting  
every Tuesday evening at 7:30 P. M.

Presbyterian Church, cor. Reynolds  
and Knob streets, Ironton. Services at 11  
A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30  
A. M. Y. P. S. C. C., 6:30 P. M. Prayer Meet-  
ing Wednesday, 7 P. M. G. H. DUTY, Pastor.

LUTHERAN CHURCH, Pilot Knob.  
Rev. OTTO PAPP, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH, Corner Shepherd  
and Washington streets, Ironton. T. H.  
LOCKWOOD, pastor. Preaching every Sun-  
day at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday  
School at 9:30 A. M. and Select Reading at 4  
P. M. Literary every Tuesday night at 8.

### SOCIETIES:

IRONTON LODGE, No. 244, K.  
of P., Ironton, Mo., meets every 2d  
and 4th Friday evening of each month at  
Odd-Fellows Hall.

ARTHUR HUFF, K. of R. & S.

IRON LODGE, No. 107, I. O. O. F.,  
meets every Monday at 7:30 P. M. in  
Madison street. THOS. HEARD, N. G.

E. D. AKE, Recording Secretary.

IRONTON ENCAMPMENT, No. 29, I.  
O. O. F., meets on the first and third Thurs-  
day evenings of every month in Odd-Fel-  
lows Hall, corner Main and Madison streets.

G. D. MARKS, C. P. J. T. BALDWIN, Scribe.

STAR OF THE EAST LODGE, No. 185,  
A. F. & A. M., meets in Masonic Hall, cor.  
Main and Madison streets, on Saturday or  
preceding full moon. F. P. AKE, W. M.

M. P. VANCE, Secretary.

MIDIAN CHAPTER, No. 71, R. A.  
meets at the Masonic Hall on the first and  
third Tuesdays of each month, at 7 P. M.

F. P. AKE, M. E. H. P. W. R. EDGAR, Secre-  
tary.

VALLEY LODGE, No. 1870,  
Knights of Honor, meets in  
Odd-Fellows Hall every alternate  
Wednesday evgs. Wm. T. Gay,  
D. Ira A. Marshall, Reporter.

EASTERN STAR LODGE, No. 62, A.  
F. & A. M. (colored), meets on the second  
Saturday of each month.

IRON POST, No. 346, G. A. R.,  
meets the 2d and 4th Saturdays  
of each month at 2 P. M.

FRANZ DINGER, P. C.

C. R. PECK, Adj't.

IRONTON CAMP, No. 180, Sons of  
Veterans, meets every 1st and 3d Saturday  
evening, each month, and every Tuesday  
evening, for drill.

C. R. PECK, Camp Commander.

G. R. PECK, First Sergeant.

PILOT KNOB,  
Pilot Knob Lodge, No. 253, A. O.  
U. W. meets every 2d and 4th Friday  
evenings, 7:30 P. M., upstairs in Union  
Church.

PILOT KNOB LODGE, No. 158, I. O. O.  
F., meets every Tuesday evening at their  
hall. CHAS. MASCHMEYER, Secretary.

IRON LODGE, No. 30, Sons of H-  
ERMAN, meets on the second and last Sunday  
of each month.

J. A. PARKER, Secretary.

IRON MOUNTAIN,  
IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 430,  
A. F. & A. M., meets Saturday night on or  
before the full moon. LOUIS FETIT, W. M.

J. A. PARKER, Secretary.

IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 260, I.  
O. F., meets Wednesday night of each week.

JNO. DOWNEY, N. G.

J. A. PARKER, Sec'y.

IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 293,  
A. O. U. W., meets on the first and third  
Friday of each month.

BELLEVIEW.

MOSAIC LODGE No. 351, A. F. & A.  
M., meets on Saturday night or after the  
full moon. E. M. LOGAN, W. M. R. J.  
HILL, Secretary.

## CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

## REYBURN & WIATT,

Blacksmiths & Wagonmakers

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General Blacksmithing of all kinds. HORSE-SHOEING a Specialty. We ask the public to give us a trial. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Place of Business: South of Courthouse Square.

WM. TRAUERNICHT. H. TRAUERNICHT.

## WM. TRAUERNICHT & BRO.

NEAR THE DEPOT.

MIDDLEBROOK, MISSOURI.

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And Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed.

F. EBRECHT. V. EFFINGER

## EBRECHT & EFFINGER,

GENERAL Undertakers,

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Have a full line of UNDERTAKING GOODS, of All Classes and Kinds. All Orders by Telegraph promptly executed. We have

## A FINE NEW HEARSE

of Latest Style, that will be Furnished on Application.

Office One Door North of V. Effinger's; also, at Ebrecht's Blacksmith Shop.

## TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED

RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED. READ OUR TESTIMONIALS.

## HILL'S DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD TABLETS

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

Drunkennes and Morphine Habit can be cured without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our Special Formula Gold Cure Tablets. Druggists everywhere are allowed the free use of our Tablets until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and a pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our Tablets.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists at \$1.00 per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us \$1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

Important Notice.—The wonderful success of our Tablets has placed on the market, most of them are for the cure of TOBACCO HABIT, and the first requirement they make is that the patient must QUIT USING TOBACCO for from 30 to 90 days. This alone should break such a habit as a fraud.

HILL'S TABLETS Destroy the Desire for Tobacco, and we permit the patient to chew or smoke until such time as tobacco is voluntarily given up.

Manufactured only by

## THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,

51, 53 and 55 OPERA BLOCK, - - - LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS FREE.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO

## THE OHIO CHEMICAL COMPANY,

(In writing, please mention this paper.)

51, 53 and 55 OPERA BLOCK, LIMA, OHIO.

## DES ARC, IRON COUNTY, MO.

### A Good Lumber Point, Backed By a Rich Farming and Cattle Country.

Twenty eight miles south of Ironton, on the Iron Mountain Railway, is Des Arc, not far from the Wayne County line. The village gained its birth nearly a quarter of a century ago, and its prosperity has depended upon the timber industry which is still a main factor in its trade, but agriculture is making impress rapidly. From twenty to twenty-five cars of lumber are frequently shipped from here in a week, and cross-ties are produced extensively and barrel hoops in season.

From fifty to seventy cars are utilized annually for the forwarding of cattle, and the monthly receipts for incoming freight approximate \$250, while ticket sales show the people travel, as from \$150 to \$200 are added to the railroad exchequer every four weeks therefor.

The business men of Des Arc also ship lumber from many other points, so the foregoing gives no proper estimate as to the extent of their transactions.

Des Arc has three substantial mercantile houses, hotel, restaurant and barber shop, blacksmith and wagon shops, two fine churches, M. E. and Baptist respectively, and a good school with two competent teachers.

The fact that farming land, near the village, is worth \$30 an acre shows that some attention has been paid to improvement and cultivation, and along the Big Creek Valley, which nearly joins this place, there are splendid farms and the agricultural acreage is every year becoming more extensive.

Lands in this region are at all kinds of prices from a dollar up. Corn, oats, wheat, timothy, clover, and millet, all grow grandly, and as for fruit it has all the advantages of soil and climate.

Des Arc nestles between the hills protected from any storm, and it is margined by an ever-flowing crystal like stream, and it is so healthy that it is without a physician.

The veteran business man of Des Arc is John M. Morris who located in 1879. His handsome mercantile house carries about \$8,000 worth of goods and he disposes of a dozen car loads of flour a year.

He buys the lumber product from numerous mills, and ships from Des Arc, Gad's 1 mill, Benson, and Vulcan, to the tune of 50 cars a month. He supplies the milling settlements and pays off at Des Arc every month. John M. Morris was born in Louisa County, Virginia, and raised on a farm. He served under Stonewall Jackson, and Lee, and for four years did gallant service, although wounded, in many severe battles and engagements.

In 1866 he came to Washington County, Missouri and for a dozen years was with James L. Clarkson in the lumber and timber business. He then entered mercantile life with H. N. Holladay at Williamsville for a time, succeeding which he came to Des Arc and has been of inestimable benefit to this belt of country. Mr. Morris has never been officially ambitious, preferring to aid the public well through other avenues, and is an upright, refined gentleman, and a worthy son of the mother of States.

When E. W. Graves came to Des Arc

in 1881, it was a primitive looking place without a church or almost any attractive feature. Mr. Graves' only capital consisted of untiring energy, righteous ambition, and thorough business ability, and with those he has accomplished wonders, proving that "from small acorns great oaks grow." He now owns 6,000 acres of oak and pine in Butler and Iron counties. He owns the village of Keener over in Butler County and has attractive mercantile houses in Des Arc and Keener carrying an aggregate stock of \$10,000. He had a mill lately burned, but will rebuild, and he takes the output of mills here and there. At Keener, he has two saw mills with a capacity of 30,000 feet of lumber per day, and a planing mill as well. At Keener, he has about 600,000 feet of lumber in the yard, and over that amount at Des Arc. He probably ships 100 cars a month, and he employs not far from 300 men all around. His farm of 100 acres at Des Arc he devotes to timothy and clover, and his home properties show the excellent taste and progressive spirit of the man.

E. W. Graves was born in New York State. In 1879 and 1880 he followed railroading under General Joe Shelby, and then decided to try the timber business in this region, with the above result. Mr. Graves is an untiring worker, and is hand and glove with all that improves the country and the condition of the people. He has put a ferry on the Black River at Keener, and there is no end to his good works.

He is in the prime of life, as genial as the sun, and ranks with the best business men along the line.

The first man to build a mill in this region, T. P. Fitts, is still a busy mill man, and one of the most popular, by reason of his happy, social disposition and gentlemanly qualities.

H. E. Homan, railway agent at Des Arc, is another combination of excellent attributes. He was born in Ohio and has been railroading about five years, one year of which has made him many friends in this country.

Des Arc is the home for two section crews, and there is a great deal more to the place than one would first imagine.

C. Tindell came five years ago to Des Arc, and he says that before panicky times it was the best little town he ever saw, and he would not change it yet.

Mr. Tindell has a store here and one on Black River, several miles from Annapolis, and keeps two wagons rolling. He came to Missouri from Illinois in 1865.

Samuel Weast, postmaster, blacksmith and wagon-maker, is equally satisfied, and all in all, Des Arc is a happy place with a prosperous, kindly, and ever enterprising people.

This is a good country for the seeker of a good home. He will have pleasant surroundings, a splendid climate, good soil, pure water, and as good a class of people as ever lived in unity.

More anon.

JAMES CARSWELL.

### Pottery, Collars and Cuffs.

In the contests of the Fifty-third Congress between parties there is no new issue to perplex the voter. Peoples have struggles against their Governments have been the instruments by which taxation of the many for the few has been enforced. Monopoly, privilege and aristocracy have not been chosen by the people, but have always been loaded upon the shoulders of the people by cunning minorities in control of armies and laws.

Democrats in Congress are now fighting over the old battle against monopoly and prerogative the English of other generations fought against the Stuarts and the Georges. They contend against the squandering of public revenues on favorites and against a trade restricted by and for special beneficiaries.

It is that fact which aggravates the offense of the Senatorial combine which has on the Democratic side shaken the threat of revolt in the face of the party majority. Nothing but Federalism and Republicanism could act the part that Brice, Gorman, Camden, Smith and Hill have acted. It is Republicanism over again to make concessions to glass, iron ore, collars and cuffs and pottery the price of Senatorial votes.

The gentlemen have placed a few private beneficiaries above the general pledge of the party, above the principle of tax reform and above the will of the majority of Democrats in their own States.

Henceforth the Democratic party can owe them no consideration. Henceforth they cannot justly assume to exert an influence of the course of the party. Their view of the tariff is the Republican view.

The Wilson bill has been doctored by these Senators. If they had

wrought their entire will it would have come from the committee just as bad as to the schedules in which they were interested as any Republican bill.

The purity of Democratic principle and the integrity of Democratic policy must be preserved by the West and South or must fail altogether.

The past month has put beyond a compromise the nomination of a Western man in 1896. West and South control the Democratic caucus and must control the Democratic patronage and veto. The party cannot fulfill the expectations of the people unless the real Democrats formulate and control the important measures of the party policy.—St. Louis Republic.

### Futile Legislative Interference.

The utility of legislation designed to regulate private or personal affairs, and to take care of some particular class in the community, is a matter of abundant demonstration, and the artificial-butter legislation affords one of the best illustrations of it. In Minnesota the manufacturers of butter from milk had enough influence with the legislature to procure the enactment of a law that all butter made from fat should be colored pink. This is the same as though the hand weavers had procured a law requiring that all cloth woven on a power loom should be punched full of holes. The public taste so imperatively insists that butter should be yellow, that the honest farmers who protest against the adulteration of food by other people habitually dye their butter to suit the consumer's eye. We wish we could believe that this coloring matter were the only adulteration the dairymen resort to; there is, unfortunately, evidence that the oleo they protest against openly they buy in secret and mix with their creamery butter. In this State the farmers did not have quite enough influence to procure so absurd a law as that of Minnesota, but they went as far as the United States law would permit in the way of direct prohibition of the sale of oleomargarine and butterine—articles as wholesome, when properly made, as lard or as dairy butter itself. A law to prohibit the importation of these articles from other States would have precipitated a conflict with the Federal authorities, so the Legislature prohibited their sale except in the "original packages," which are protected by the Federal Constitution. The Empire State treats oleomargarine as Iowa treats intoxicating liquors.—New York Journal of Commerce.

### Democracy's Peril.

The senatorial sugar scandal is one of the inevitable consequences of mixing private business with politics. It is a lesson in the art of government which the people of this country would do well to heed.

As soon as it is given out that the Government is prepared to aid private enterprises with its money or its tax-ing power a struggle begins among those expecting or desiring favors, for the control of legislation. Every conceivable kind of pressure is brought to bear to influence governmental policy and political parties, in the interest of this of that industry or business. The object of government which, in this country at least, is to serve all the people without discrimination and to guard the liberty and property of every individual, is lost sight of entirely or mentioned only to ridicule it as a barren ideal unworthy the consideration of sound, sensible men. In its practical workings the American Government, especially for the past thirty years, has been used to further special interests and procure valuable monopoly privileges for a few which are so many abridgments of the rights of the many.

It is not possible to employ public agencies for such purposes without corrupting and finally destroying Democratic institutions. The monopolies, privileges or special advantages granted at the inception of such a policy may be, as they were in this country in the pursuance of an honest belief that they will help the general development and indirectly contribute to the welfare of all. But in a career of immorality the first step is the fatal one. The favored individual tasting once of unearned advantages is never satisfied short of guaranteed privileges, vested rights, as they are called. And to procure these he is forced by stress of the unholy competition to employ any means, fair or foul, according to the extent to which his cupidity has been cultivated. Persuasion, soon found inadequate, gives way to bribery, which in turn yields to the surer and more respectable method of placing representatives of privileged interests on the floor of legislative assemblies.

A Government controlled by such

## JOB-WORK.

The REGISTER's facilities for doing job work are unsurpassed in Southeast Missouri and return out the best of work, such as

POSTERS BILL-HEADS LETTER-HEADS

STATEMENTS:

Envelopes, Cards, Dodgers

BRIEFS, PAMPHLETS, ETC.

AT LOW PRICES.

Influences cannot be called Democratic. It is an oligarchy of wealth, a plutocracy, an organization designed for the plunder of the people, the impoverishment of the many and the enrichment of the few. In its real character such a Government differs not at all from the monarchies and aristocracies of the Old World. They support Kings, Dukes and Earls. We support corporations "magnates," railway "kings," protected "barons," and millionaires drawing incomes from all sorts of unearned and undeserved advantages. So far as the victims are concerned, it matters not what a robber is called. He gets his booty, whatever his designation may be.

In this country the people are confronted with such a condition. But we still have the forms of Democracy. If we use them with honesty and intelligence we may recover the substance.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

### What Is the Remedy?

Hon. William C. Oates, one of the candidates for governor in Alabama, is quoted as saying, in his speech at Athens, Ala., a few days ago, that Mr. Cleveland told him personally that the money power in Wall street could draw all the gold out of the treasury in forty-eight hours. We are prepared to admit that this is true, but how did it happen to be so, and what is the president doing to change this situation?

For twenty years Hon. John Sherman has been legislating to bring about just this state of affairs. That he succeeded we must all admit. No job was ever more complete, and no scheme more successfully accomplished. No such state of affairs ever existed before. It was once attempted when Andrew Jackson was president, but he defeated the scheme and routed the robbers. There has not been a single position taken on the financial question by Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle that did not have the approval and co-operation of Hon. John Sherman. He outlined the legislation to be taken to repeal only a part of one of his bills that helped to bring about this condition. He advised Mr. Carlisle to pay only gold on coin certificates for fear he would make the holders of gold mad, and Mr. Carlisle took his advice just as readily as Foster took it under Harrison's administration. He advised President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle to issue more bonds to strengthen the power of the gold men, when President Harrison had refused to do the same thing, and both the president and secretary took his advice. Neither the repeal of the purchasing clause nor the issue of bonds helped the situation, but strengthened the power of the men who have such enormous power over the treasury.

The question naturally arises what will be accomplished for the people as long as we shape legislation to suit this greedy crowd of cornorants? If we had an Andrew Jackson as president we could stop it in short order. But, alas! for the country, the president seems to be afraid of this crowd, and instead of helping the masses, everything seems to be shaped to help the classes. There is but one similar instance recorded. It occurred during the war, when Josiah Patterson was leading his confederate cavalry in a hurried retreat. The federals were pushing him tightly. "Don't shoot at the yankees, boys," said the Hon. Josiah, with hat off and riding for dear life. "It only makes them madder."—Atlanta Constitution.

"The people of this vicinity insist on having Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and do not want any other," says John V. Bishop, of Portland, Me., Indiana. That is right. They know it to be superior to any other for colds, and as a preventive and cure for croup, and why should they not insist on having it. 50 cent bottles for sale by Mrs. F. R. Crisp.

### Ipomea Sinuata—New Morning Glory.

A vine growing from seed that will cover a fence in no time, a rampant grower, and then it is a beautiful vine, with its huge leaves, dark prickly stems and immense rose-colored flowers from three to four inches across, and costs only 20 cents per packet. Every one interested in climbers or new and good things for the garden should send 10 cents to James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., for Vick's Floral Guide, 1894, which is a perfect beauty in its gold cover. As the 10 cents may be deducted from first order it really costs nothing.

### Drug Store For Sale.

I offer for sale my drug store—stock and fixtures—in Ironton; doing good business and satisfactory reasons for selling. Only drug store in county. Rare bargain to cash buyer.

Mrs. P. R. CRISP.

Ironton, Mo., Nov. 14, 1893.

### Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.